STROBE Statement—Checklist of items that should be included in reports of *cohort studies*

Page		Item No	Recommendation
1	Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the
			title or the abstract
Abstract	_		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of
			what was done and what was found
	Introduction		
1	Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigatio
	C		being reported
1	Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses
	Methods		
2	Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper
2	Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including period
	C		of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection
2	Participants	6	(a) Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of
	•		selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up
	_		(b) For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of
			exposed and unexposed
2	Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential
			confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if
			applicable
2	Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of
	measurement		methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of
			assessment methods if there is more than one group
3, 10–	Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias
11			
2	Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at
3	Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. It
			applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why
3	Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control
	<u> </u>		for confounding
			(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and
	<u> </u>		interactions
	_		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed
	_		(d) If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed
			(\underline{e}) Describe any sensitivity analyses
	Results		
4	Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg
			numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed
	_		eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed
	_		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage
			(c) Consider use of a flow diagram
4	Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic,
			clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential
	<u> </u>		confounders
			(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each
			variable of interest

			(c) Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)
	Outcome data	15*	Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time
4–5	Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-
			adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval).
			Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were
	<u></u>		included
4–5			(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were
	<u></u>		categorized
			(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into
			absolute risk for a meaningful time period
4–5	Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and
			interactions, and sensitivity analyses
	Discussion		
5–10	Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives
10–11	Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of
			potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude
			of any potential bias
11–12	Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering
			objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar
			studies, and other relevant evidence
10–11	Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results
	Other information		
12	Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present
			study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present
			article is based

^{*}Give information separately for exposed and unexposed groups.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at http://www.strobe-statement.org.