## Reporting checklist for randomised trial.

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		Reporting Item	Number
Title and Abstract			
Title	<u>#1a</u>	Identification as a randomized trial in the title.	1
Abstract	<u>#1b</u>	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions	2
Introduction			
Background and objectives	<u>#2a</u>	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	3
Background and objectives	<u>#2b</u>	Specific objectives or hypothesis	4
Methods			
Trial design	<u>#3a</u>	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio.	4-5
Trial design	<u>#3b</u>	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	4
Participants	<u>#4a</u>	Eligibility criteria for participants	4
Participants	<u>#4b</u>	Settings and locations where the data were collected	6-7
Interventions	<u>#5</u>	The experimental and control interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually administered	5-6
Outcomes	<u>#6a</u>	Completely defined prespecified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	6-7

Sample size	<u>#7a</u>	How sample size was determined.	5
Sample size	<u>#7b</u>	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	NA
Randomization - Sequence generation	<u>#8a</u>	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence.	
5			
Randomization - Sequence generation	<u>#8b</u>	Type of randomization; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	
5			
Randomization - Allocation concealment mechanism	<u>#9</u>	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	5
Randomization - Implementation	<u>#10</u>	Who generated the allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	5
Blinding	<u>#11a</u>	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how.	4-8
Blinding	<u>#11b</u>	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	5-7
Statistical methods	<u>#12a</u>	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	7
Statistical methods	#12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	NA
Outcomes	<u>#6b</u>	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	6-7
Results			
Participant flow diagram (strongly recommended)	<u>#13a</u>	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed for the primary outcome	19

Participant flow	<u>#13b</u>	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomization, together with reason	19
Recruitment	<u>#14a</u>	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	2
Recruitment	<u>#14b</u>	Why the trial ended or was stopped	13
Baseline data	<u>#15</u>	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	21
Numbers analysed	<u>#16</u>	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original assigned groups	21-27
Outcomes and estimation	<u>#17a</u>	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as 95% confidence interval)	21-24, 26
Outcomes and estimation	<u>#17b</u>	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	NA
Ancillary analyses	<u>#18</u>	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified from exploratory	NA
Harms	<u>#19</u>	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (For specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	22
Discussion			
Limitations	<u>#20</u>	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	12-14
Interpretation	<u>#22</u>	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	14
Registration	<u>#23</u>	Registration number and name of trial registry	8
Generalisability	<u>#21</u>	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	14

## Other information

Interpretation	<u>#22</u>	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	14
Registration	<u>#23</u>	Registration number and name of trial registry	8
Protocol	<u>#24</u>	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	8
Funding	<u>#25</u>	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	8

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